

中国可持续对外农业合作：学术摘要和最新进展

China's Sustainable Overseas Agricultural Cooperation (CSOAC) An Annotated Bibliography and Latest News

专注于中国对外农业合作的学术研究网络

An Academic Network on China's Overseas Agricultural Cooperation

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导言/Preface

关于我们/About Us

根据本期 CSOAC 电子期刊的最新进展内容，我们可以看出最近一个月来有关中国农业对外合作方面主题的活动相当频繁，产出也较为丰富，不管是坦桑尼亚总统访问中国农业大学并受聘为荣誉教授，还是北京大学非洲研究中心和乐施会、南京大学非洲研究所和中国非洲问题研究会等多地举办的各种相关主题大会，以及社会资源研究所编著的《农业与可持续发展》季刊、美国约翰·霍普金斯大学高级国际研究院中非研究项目首次发布的政策简报等，都值得密切关注。在期刊文章方面，与前几期相比，这一期的文章更关注中国对外农业合作实践所嵌入的非洲当地的政治、经济和社会环境，以及中国国内的发展态势，不管我们是在谈论援助、投资还是贸易，有关资本、技术、人、物等输出方和输入方内部的社会政治经济环境始终塑造着国际农业合作双方的动态面貌和多方走势。正因如此，这些文章也更关注国际合作双方在合作中的互补性及各自的比较优势。

According to the latest updates of this issue of the CSOAC, we find the COAC-related activities have been burgeoning for the last month, coupled with rich outputs. We are listing some of them including the visit of Tanzanian President to China Agricultural University with Honorary Professorship being awarded, and the workshops organized respectively by Peking University co-sponsored with Oxfam, and by Nanjing University collaborated with Chinese Research Society of African Affairs. Meanwhile, the Social Resources Institute produced quarterly digital newsletter Agriculture and Sustainable Development, and SAIS-CARI at Johns Hopkins University published its first policy brief. Compared with previous issues, the journal articles in this one focus more on the domestic social-political and economic contexts of African countries where the COAC is embedded, and the development situation of China. When it comes to assistance, investment or trade, those contexts of both host and home countries concerning capital, technology, human resource and materials are shaping the dynamic and future trends of both sides. Therefore these papers pay more attention to the complementarity and comparative advantages of both countries.

您想了解当前中国农业“走出去”研究和相关活动的最新进展吗？那么加入我们！本平台通过定期发放月度学术摘要和最新进展及召开年度会议，致力于搭建中国首家专注于中国对外农业合作的非正规学术研究网络，以促进相关领域的国内外交流和合作，提高中国学者在此方面的研究能力和影响力，贡献于中国可持续对外农业合作。

Would you like to keep yourself posted about the research updates on China's overseas agricultural cooperation? Please join us. We are initiating the first informal intellectual network specifically on China's agricultural overseas investment, aid and trade by releasing a monthly newsletter on published abstracts and the latest news. This aims to facilitate communication and cooperation, improve understandings of these topics among young Chinese scholars, and contribute to sustainable Chinese agricultural cooperation overseas.

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学术摘要 (Annotated Bibliography)

1.Rebecca Smalley, Emmanuel Sulle and Lameck Malale(2014), The role of the state and foreign capital in agricultural commercialization:The case of sugarcane outgrowers in Kilombero District, Tanzania,Future Agricultures

Link:<http://www.future-agricultures.org/publications/research-and-analysis/working-papers/1906-the-role-of-the-state-and-foreign-capital-in-agricultural-commercialisation-the-case-of-sugarcane/file>

Abstract:

Since the launch of the Kilimo Kwanza slogan in 2009, the Tanzanian government has been part of efforts to inject foreign capital into its country's agricultural sector. The paper concerns what effect has privatisation of Kilombero Sugar Company had on its operations and surrounding communities. The analytical framework focuses especially its questions around agrarian structure; social differentiation; land and property; and livelihoods and food security. The paper contributes to the debate on large-scale land acquisition and agricultural commercialisation in sub-Saharan Africa, as well as providing insights for Tanzanian agricultural policy making and giving a history of the company and local area.

2.Jing Gu, Xiaoyun Li, Gerald Bloom and Xiulan Zhang(2014),Introduction:China and International Development:Challenges and Opportunities, IDS Bulletin, DOI: 10.1111/1759-5436.12088

Link: <http://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/10.1111/1759-5436.12088/abstract>

Abstract:

In parallel to its domestic economic boom, China has also been growing as an international actor and as a 'Rising Power' in global development. This introduction outlines the need for further understanding of China's own development experience, its increasing involvement in development activities in low- and middle-income countries, and its growing engagement in global governance structures. The articles highlighted contribute valuable expertise and insight from both Chinese and non-Chinese perspectives, to map the shifting landscape of China's engagement in global development, and contribute to mutual understanding between traditional donors and rising powers in development cooperation.

3.Blessings Chinsinga and Colin Poulton(2014),Beyond Technocratic Debates The Significance and Transience of Political Incentives in the Malawi Farm Input Subsidy Programme (FISP), Development Policy Review,2014,32 (s2): s123-s150

Link:<http://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/10.1111/dpr.12079/pdf>

Abstract:

The Malawi FISP resurrected debates about the role of subsidies in African agricultural policy. Taking the FISP as a case study, this article examines the political incentives that have driven programme implementation. Two streams of rents associated with the FISP were used to generate support for the first-term government of President Mutharika, with very different implications for programme efficiency. One then stopped abruptly in 2009. The Malawi case demonstrates both the importance of political incentives in determining subsidy outcomes and how they can change dramatically over time.

4.Josh Maiyo(2014), The Political Ecology of Chinese Investment in Uganda: the Case of Hanhe Farm, SAIS-CARI Policy Brief,2014.No.1

Link: <https://saiscari.files.wordpress.com/2014/10/maiyo-v-3-original.pdf>

Abstract:

Hanhe Farm,located in the Nakaseke Administrative District,is the first private Chinese land-based agriculture enterprise in Uganda.This case can be used to examine the political context of land acquisition in Uganda, the ecological impact of land-use changes, and local community experiences and responses to conflicts over access to land and protection of ecological rights.The research findings demonstrate how the political and economic interests of international and national elite converge through formal and informal networks to access resources in violation of local communities'social and ecological rights. It highlights governance failures that precipitate ecological destruction,entrench power imbalances,and promote marginalization of local communities.

5. 史晓英, 中非发展农产品贸易面临的问题及对策分析, 《农业经济》2014 年第 7 期

链接:

[http://www.cnki.net/KCMS/detail/detail.aspx?QueryID=6&CurRec=1&recid=&filename=NYJJ201407044&dbname=CJFDTEMP&dbcode=CJFQ&pr=&urlid=&yx=&uid=WEEvREcwSIJHSlDsdnQ1Y3RadW5Db3BCROF6UC9pSUxoUEJOMngxS2E1a3lycDFmeXp4bzI2dmJTYVp3OXhkMnhBPT0=\\$9A4hF_YAuvQ5obgVAqNKPCYcEjKensW4IQMovwHtwkF4VYPoHbKxJw!!&v=MjU0ODRSTZIWitWdkZpbmtWYnJCS3pUQlpMRzRIOVhNcUk5QlJlUjhlWDFMdXhZUzdEaDFUM3FUclDnMUZyQ1U=](http://www.cnki.net/KCMS/detail/detail.aspx?QueryID=6&CurRec=1&recid=&filename=NYJJ201407044&dbname=CJFDTEMP&dbcode=CJFQ&pr=&urlid=&yx=&uid=WEEvREcwSIJHSlDsdnQ1Y3RadW5Db3BCROF6UC9pSUxoUEJOMngxS2E1a3lycDFmeXp4bzI2dmJTYVp3OXhkMnhBPT0=$9A4hF_YAuvQ5obgVAqNKPCYcEjKensW4IQMovwHtwkF4VYPoHbKxJw!!&v=MjU0ODRSTZIWitWdkZpbmtWYnJCS3pUQlpMRzRIOVhNcUk5QlJlUjhlWDFMdXhZUzdEaDFUM3FUclDnMUZyQ1U=)

摘要:

农产品贸易在中国与非洲双边贸易中占有重要的地位。中非农产品资源和农业市场具有很强的互补性, 农业合作发展潜力巨大。近年来, 中非农产品贸易增长迅速。本文在分析非洲在发展农产品贸易方面诸多问题的基础上, 从建立和完善中非农业合作长期机制; 以企业为主体, 扩大对非洲的农业投资; 为非洲国家培训农业技术人员, 提高农业科技水平等方面, 提出了发展中非农产品贸易应采取的对策建议。

6. 高贵现, 中非农业合作的模式、绩效和对策研究, 华中农业大学博士论文, 2014 年 6 月

链接:

[http://www.cnki.net/KCMS/detail/detail.aspx?QueryID=10&CurRec=1&recid=&filename=1014213601.nh&dbname=CDFDLAST2014&dbcode=CDFD&pr=&urlid=&yx=&uid=WEEvREcwSIJHSlDsdnQ1Y3RadW5Db3BCROF6UC9pSUxoUEJOMngxS2E1a3lycDFmeXp4bzI2dmJTYVp3OXhkMnhBPT0=\\$9A4hF_YAuvQ5obgVAqNKPCYcEjKensW4IQMovwHtwkF4VYPoHbKxJw!!&v=MDM3MzdJUjhlWDFMdXhZUzdEaDFUM3FUclDnMUZyQ1VSTZIWitWdkZpbmxVcnpLVkYyNkdYRzVIZGZnbnBFYIA=](http://www.cnki.net/KCMS/detail/detail.aspx?QueryID=10&CurRec=1&recid=&filename=1014213601.nh&dbname=CDFDLAST2014&dbcode=CDFD&pr=&urlid=&yx=&uid=WEEvREcwSIJHSlDsdnQ1Y3RadW5Db3BCROF6UC9pSUxoUEJOMngxS2E1a3lycDFmeXp4bzI2dmJTYVp3OXhkMnhBPT0=$9A4hF_YAuvQ5obgVAqNKPCYcEjKensW4IQMovwHtwkF4VYPoHbKxJw!!&v=MDM3MzdJUjhlWDFMdXhZUzdEaDFUM3FUclDnMUZyQ1VSTZIWitWdkZpbmxVcnpLVkYyNkdYRzVIZGZnbnBFYIA=)

摘要:

在世界经济全球化的背景下, 中非关系在中国对外关系中占有越来越重要的地位。中非经济的特点使中非农业合作成为了中非经济合作中的重要组成部分。本文研究主要集中于对中非农业合作的三个主要模式(中国对非洲的农业技术传递、中国对非洲农业的直接投资和中非农产品贸易)的重要性、发展历史、面临的机遇和困难以及相互的内在联系进行了系统的梳理和分析, 分析力求从中非双方的角度审视中非农业合作的成效和困难, 以期为中非农业合作的进一步深化提供有益的建议。

最新进展 (Latest news)

1. 坦桑尼亚总统基奎特访问中国农业大学, 高度赞扬中坦农业合作

链接: http://news.cau.edu.cn/art/2014/10/23/art_8769_316504.html

提要:

10 月 23 日下午, 正在我国进行国事访问的坦桑尼亚总统基奎特访问中国农业大学, 受聘担任荣誉教授并向师生发表演讲。学校党委书记姜沛民主持授予仪式和演讲会, 柯炳生校长代表学校向基奎特总统授予荣誉教授证书。在近一个小时的演讲中, 基奎特总统强调了农业对于非洲的重要性, 并赞扬中国为坦桑尼亚等非洲国家实现农业转型和发展树立了成功的典范。

2. “农业国际合作与非洲的包容性、可持续发展: 机遇和挑战” 国际研讨会在北京召开

链接: <http://www.sis.pku.edu.cn/cn/News/0000000652/do>

提要:

2014 年 10 月 13-14 日, 由北京大学非洲研究中心主办, 乐施会支持协办的“农业国际合作与非洲的包容性、可持续发展: 机遇和挑战”国际研讨会在北京召开。会议为期两天, 代表们围绕“非洲的崛起与新时期非洲农业合作、非洲农业发展内生动力、“圈土”问题与各国对非洲的农业投资情况、国际利益相关者带来的机遇与挑战、以及如何从包容性增长与可持续发展角度衡量对非农业投资的影响”等专题开展讨论。

3. 中国投资非洲农业 机遇与挑战并存

链接: <http://www.jinnong.cn/news/2014/10/14/201410141001718817.shtml>

提要:

十余年间, 曾被遗忘的大陆“非洲”, 以近 5% 的年平均经济增长率悄然崛起。诸多学者表示, 投资非洲农业可

助力中国农业“走出去”，但风险和挑战也无处不在。刘贵今认为，中国投资非洲农业，“不是解决中国的粮食问题，也不是解决土地短缺问题”，因为非洲距离中国很远，运输成本太高，不足以满足中国庞大人口的粮食需求，而是为了稳定全球粮食价格、增强食品安全，这将反过来帮助稳定中国的粮食价格。目前，中国对非援助占整个对外援助资金额的近 1/2，对非农业投资只占中国整个对外投资额的 2%。刘贵金认为，尽管存在风险，但这一数字还有增加的空间，中非之间还可以“更大胆”、“更有想像力”的方式进行农业合作。

4.非洲农业、农村发展和中非合作国际研讨会在南京大学圆满召开

链接: <http://hugeo.nju.edu.cn/news/2567>

提要:

由南京大学非洲研究所、中国非洲问题研究会主办的“非洲农业、农村发展和中非合作国际研讨会”于 2014 年 9 月 21 日下午在南京大学成功召开。本次研讨会期间共计安排交流学术报告 37 篇，报告内容广泛，涉及非洲区域气候变化及其农业影响、农村发展创新驱动机制、殖民统治对农业的影响、农村发展与流域土地利用、水资源和灌溉对农业发展的影响、中国企业在非洲的农业开发、中非深度合作背景下的农业合作潜力等多领域进行了交流和充分的研讨。

5.《农业与可持续发展》季刊

链接: http://www.csrglobal.cn/publications_detail.jsp?fid=311015

提要:

《农业与可持续发展》是由社会资源研究所（SRI）出品的季度电子刊物，分为春、夏、秋、冬四期。《季刊》聚焦农业与发展议题，其宗旨为“深度、客观、前瞻、探究农业如何促进并适应于人与社会的发展”。季刊内容兼顾国内本土经验和国际一线机构的动态追踪。目前，中国的涉农企业，已经依托“走出去”战略，在非洲、南美、中北亚租赁或购买耕地、合作经营，并由此激发了国际发展界针对中国企业“掠地”的声讨。在公民社会组织最为集中的农业领域，中国的投资者对上述国际议题的认知有待加强。而国内众多的 NGO，同样对类似的国际议题缺乏了解。SRI 今年开始筹备和运作的海外负责任农业投资议题，将注重与非洲、南亚当地公民社会组织的联系，通过展现在地视角，促进各方对于原则性问题的理解。

6.Africa in China: New Knowledge-sharing Effort Kick-starts Collaboration in Agricultural Productivity

Link:

<http://www.worldbank.org/en/news/feature/2014/07/28/africa-in-china-new-knowledge-sharing-effort-kick-starts-collaboration-in-agricultural-productivity>

Abstract:

The World Bank has facilitated a 10-day agricultural knowledge sharing event between China and Africa. It involved the Chinese Academy of Agricultural Sciences in Beijing, matched by research and development institutions from Southern, Western and Central Africa (CCARDESA & CORAF). The focus was predominantly focused on technology transfers, but also discussed future plans “to implement a capacity-building program to train young African scientists in agronomy at the Graduate School of CAAS.”

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以上内容不代表编辑的观点，如需引用，请参见消息原出处。如需订阅或退订《中国可持续对外农业合作：学术摘要与最新进展》，请发送电子邮件至：csoac2014@gmail.com 在此，您能得到最前沿的有关中非农业合作的出版物、期刊杂志文章简要及相关新闻，也欢迎您能与我们分享您的最新研究成果与相关进展，谢谢！

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